

Package ‘PKLMtest’

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Type Package

Title Classification Based MCAR Test

Version 1.0.1

Description Implementation of a KL-based (Kullback-Leibler) test for MCAR (Missing Completely At Random) in the context of missing data as introduced in Michel et al. (2021) <[doi:10.48550/arXiv.2109.10150](https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2109.10150)>.

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Depends parallel, stats, ranger

NeedsCompilation no

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Contents

genU	2
PKLMtest	2
truncProb	3
Index	4

genU *Generate the test statistic*

Description

Generate the test statistic

Usage

```
genU(st, lab)
```

Arguments

st a ranger forest object.
lab an integer value containing the class labels

Value

the likelihood-based test statistic

PKLMtest *PKLMtest: compute a p-value for testing MCAR*

Description

PKLMtest: compute a p-value for testing MCAR

Usage

```
PKLMtest(  
  X,  
  num.proj = 300,  
  num.trees.per.proj = 10,  
  nrep = 500,  
  min.node.size = 10,  
  size.resp.set = 2,  
  compute.partial.pvals = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

X a numeric matrix containing missing values encoded as NA, the data.
num.proj a positive integer specifying the number of projections to consider for the score.
num.trees.per.proj a positive integer, the number of trees per projection.
nrep a positive integer, the number of permutations.
min.node.size a positive number, the minimum number of nodes in a tree.
size.resp.set an integer (≥ 2), maximum number of classes allowed to be compared in each projection.
compute.partial.pvals a boolean, indicate if partial p-values should be computed as well.
... additional parameters.

Value

a numeric value, the p-value(s) for the MCAR test, the first value is always the global p-value and if `compute.partial.pvals` is set to TRUE, the next values are the partial p-values for the relative importance of each variable.

Examples

```

n <- 100
X <- cbind(rnorm(n), rnorm(n))
X.NA <- X
X.NA[,1] <- ifelse(stats::runif(n) <= 0.2, NA, X[,1])

pval <- PKLMtest(X.NA, num.proj = 5)

```

truncProb	<i>Truncation of probability</i>
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Description

Truncation of probability

Usage

```
truncProb(p)
```

Arguments

p a numeric value between 0 and 1 to be truncated

Value

a numeric value with truncated probabilities

Index

genU, [2](#)

PKLMtest, [2](#)

truncProb, [3](#)